

1 Plaintiffs filed a “Response to Court’s Order,” which does not appear to be an Objection and cannot  
reasonably be interpreted to be an Objection inasmuch as the magistrate judge’s recommendations are all favorable  
to plaintiffs. The court deems such “Response” to be a further brief in support of plaintiffs’ Motion to Amend (#11),  
which has in the interim been resolved by the magistrate judge.

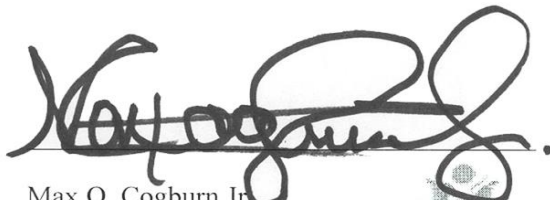
Johnson, 687 F.2d 44, 47 (4th Cir. 1982). Similarly, *de novo* review is not required by the statute “when a party makes general or conclusory objections that do not direct the court to a specific error in the magistrate judge’s proposed findings and recommendations.” Id. Moreover, the statute does not on its face require any review at all of issues that are not the subject of an objection. Thomas v. Arn, 474 U.S. 140, 149 (1985); Camby, 718 F.2d at 200. Nonetheless, a district judge is responsible for the final determination and outcome of the case, and accordingly the court has conducted a careful review of the magistrate judge’s recommendation.

After such careful review, the court determines that the recommendation of the magistrate judge is fully consistent with and supported by current law. Further, the brief factual background and recitation of issues is supported by the applicable pleadings. Based on such determinations, the court will fully affirm the Memorandum and Recommendation and grant relief in accordance therewith.

### **ORDER**

**IT IS, THEREFORE, ORDERED** that the Memorandum and Recommendation (#12) is **AFFIRMED**, defendant CVS Rx Services, Inc.’s Motion to Dismiss (#3) is **DENIED**.

Signed: April 27, 2016



Max O. Cogburn Jr.  
United States District Judge